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#### **TEST REPORT**

Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1188 implementing Directive 2009/125/EC with regard to ecodesign requirement for local space heater Annex II.1&III

Report reference No:	AOC250514004ER	
Compiled by (+ signature)	Bruce Lin	Bruce Lih
Reviewed by (+ signature):	Joey Liu	Joey Lin
Approved by (+ signature)	Robin Liu	Bruce Lin Joey lin Robin. Lin
Date of issue	2025-05-22	
Contents:	13 pages	
Testing Laboratory:	Shenzhen AOCE Electronic Te	chnology Service Co., Ltd
Address:	Room 202, 2nd Floor, No.12th	Building of Xinhe Tongfuyu
	Industrial Park, Fuhai Street, Ba	aoan District, Shenzhen,
	Guangdong, China	
Testing location:	Same as above	
Applicant's name	VULT	
Address:	Brugstraat 7, 4691EB Tholen, 2	Zeeland, The Netherlands
Test specification		
Standard:	Commission Regulation (EU) 2	015/1188 and (EU) 2015/1186
Test procedure:	Commission Regulation (EU) 2	015/1188 implementing Directive
	2009/125/EC and (EU) 2015/11	186 supplementing Directive
	2010/30/EU of the European Pa	arliament and of the Council with
	regard to ecodesign requireme	nts for local space heaters
Non-standard test method:	N/A	
Test item description	Infrared panel heater	
Trade Mark:	Vultec	
Manufacturer:	Ningbo Evinom Tech Co., Ltd	
	No. 3 Tongji Road, Simen Indu	strial Zone, Yuyao City,
	Ningbo City, Zhejiang Province	. P.R. China
Factory:	Same as manufacturer	
Model/Type reference		T, P700T, P800T, P1000T, P1200T, P700T-B, P800T-B, P1000T-B,
Ratings::	Input: 220-240V~, 50Hz, 1200V	V
<u></u>		

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Test item particulars:
Classification of installation and use Portable appliance
Supply Connection: Non-detachable power cord with a plug
Possible test case verdicts:
- test case does not apply to the test object: N/A
- test object does meet the requirement: P (Pass)
- test object does not meet the requirement F(Fail)
Testing::
Date of receipt of test item: 2025-04-25
Date (s) of performance of tests: 2025-04-25 to 2025-05-13
General remarks:
"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report. "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report.
Throughout this report a $\  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \ $
General product information:
The whole testes are performed on model P1200T.
All models are the same except for the model names.

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit	Item	Unit		
Heatoutput				Type of heat input, for electric storage heaters only (selectone)	local space		
Nominal heat output	Prom	1,2	KW	manual heat charge control, with integrated thermostat	Not applicable		
Minimum heat output (indicative)	P <sub>min</sub>	0,32	KW	manual heat charge control with room and/or outdoor temperature feedback	Not applicable		
Maximum continuous heat output	Ртекс	1,253	KW	electronic heat charge control with room and/or outdoor temperature feedback	Not applicable		
Auxiliary elec	tricity cor	nsumptio	n	fan assisted heat output	Not applicable		
At nominal heat output	el <sub>max</sub>	1,099	KW	one)			
At minimum heat output	elmin	0,291	KW	single stage heat output and no room temperature control	[no]		
In standby mode	elsB	0,23	KW	Two or more manual stages, no room temperature control	[no]		
				with mechanic thermostat room temperature control	[no]		
				with electronic room temperature control	[yes]		
				electronic room temperature control plus day timer	[yes]		
				electronic room temperature control plus week timer	[yes]		
				Other control options (multiple selection	ns possible)		
				room temperature control, with presence detection	[yes]		
				room temperature control, with open window detection	[yes]		
				with distance control option	[yes]		
				with adaptive start control	[yes]		
				with working time limitation	[no]		
Abarra informa				with black bulb sensor	[no]		

Above information declared by client.

### Copy of marking plate:

#### Rating Label

Infrared panel heater Model: P1200T 220-240V~, 50Hz, 1200W



MADE IN CHINA

All labels are the same except their model name.

Remarks: The height dimension of WEEE symbol should not less than 7mm.

#### Summary of testing

Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	Limit	requirements
44%	≥38%	<ul><li></li></ul>

All test items: Pass

	(EU) 2015/1188		
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict

Ecodesign requirements		
Specific ecodesign requirements for seasonal space heating energy efficiency		P
(a) Local space heaters shall comply with the following requirements from 1 January 2018		Р
(i) seasonal space heating energy efficiency of open fronted local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuel shall not be less than 42 %;		N/A
(ii) seasonal space heating energy efficiency of closed fronted local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuel shall not be less than 72 %;		N/A
(iii)seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric portable local space heaters shall not be less than 36 %;		Р
(iv)seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric fixed local space heaters with a nominal heat output above 250 W shall not be less than 38 %;		N/A
(v)seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric fixed local space heaters with a nominal heat output equal or below 250 W shall not be less than 34 %;		N/A
(vi) seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric storage local space heaters shall not be less than 38,5 %;		N/A
seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric underfloor local space heaters shall not be less than 38 %;		N/A
seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric radiant		N/A
local space heaters shall not be less than 35 %; seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric visibly glowing radiant local space heaters with a nominal heat output		N/A
above 1,2 kW shall not be less than 35 %; seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric visibly glowing radiant local space heaters with a nominal heat output		N/A
equal or below 1,2 kW shall not be less than 31 %; seasonal space heating energy efficiency of luminous local		N/A
space heaters shall not be less than 85 %; seasonal space heating energy efficiency of tube local space		N/A
heaters shall not be less than 74 %.  Specific ecodesign requirements for emissions		N/A
(a) From 1 January 2018 emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx) from liquid and gaseous fuel local space heaters shall not exceed the following values:	3	N/A
(i)emissions of NOx by open fronted local space heaters and closed fronted local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels shall not exceed 130 mg/kWhinput based on GCV;		N/A
(ii)emissions of NOx by luminous local space heaters and tube local space heaters shall not exceed 200 mg/kWhinput based on GCV.		N/A
ANNEX III of (EU) 2015/1188		
1 Measurements and calculations	Remark	verdict
For the purposes of compliance and verification of compliance with the requirements of this Regulation, measurements and calculations shall be made using harmonised standards the reference numbers of which have been published for this purpose in the <i>Official Journal of the European Union</i> , or using other reliable, accurate and reproducible methods that take into account the generally recognised state-of-the-art methods.		P
They shall meet the conditions set out in points 2 to 5.		

	(EU) 2015/1188		
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
2	General conditions for measurements and calculations		
(a)			P
(a)	Declared values for nominal heat output and seasonal space heating energy efficiency shall be rounded to the nearest one decimal place.		
(b)	Declared values for emissions shall be rounded to the nearest integer.		Р
3	General conditions for seasonal space heating energy efficiency		-
(a)	The seasonal space heating energy efficiency $(\eta S)$ shall be calculated as the seasonal space heating energy efficiency in active mode $(\eta S, on)$ , corrected by contributions accounting for heat storage and heat output control, auxiliary electricity consumption and permanent pilot flame energy consumption.		Р
(b)	The consumption of electricity shall be multiplied by a conversion coefficient ( $\infty$ ) of 2,5.	2.5	Р
4	General conditions for emissions		-
(a)	For gaseous and liquid fuel local space heaters the measurement shall take account of emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx). Emissions of nitrogen oxides shall be calculated as the sum of nitrogen monoxide and nitrogen dioxide, and expressed in nitrogen dioxide.		N/A
5	Specific conditions for seasonal space heating energy efficiency		-
(a)	The seasonal space heating energy efficiency of all local space heaters except commercial local space heaters is defined as: $\eta_S = \eta_{S,on} - 10~\% + F(1) + F(2) + F(3) - F(4) - F(5)$		Р
	The seasonal space heating energy efficiency of commercial local space heaters is defined as: $\eta_S = \eta_{S,on} - F(1) - F(4) - F(5)$		N/A
	Where:		_
	$-\eta S$ , on is the seasonal space heating energy efficiency in active mode, expressed in %, calculated as set out in point 5(b);		P
	— <i>F</i> (1) is a correction factor accounting for a positive contribution to the seasonal space heating energy efficiency of electric storage local space heaters due to adjusted contributions for options for heat storage and output; and a negative contribution to seasonal space heating efficiency for commercial local space heaters due to adjusted contributions for options for the heat output, expressed in %;		P
	— F(2) is a correction factor accounting for a positive contribution to the seasonal space heating energy efficiency due to adjusted contributions of controls of indoor heating comfort, the values of which are mutually exclusive, cannot be added to each other, expressed in %;		P
	— F(3) is a correction factor accounting for a positive contribution to the seasonal space heating energy efficiency due to adjusted contributions of controls for indoor heating comfort the values of which can be added to each other, expressed in %;		P
	<ul> <li>— F(4) is a correction factor accounting for a negative contribution to the seasonal space heating energy efficiency by</li> </ul>		Р

		(EU) 2015/1188		
Clause	Requirement - Test		Result - Remark	Verdict
	auxiliary electricity consumption, expr — F(5) is a correction factor accounting contribution to the seasonal space he energy consumption of a permanent p in %.	ng for a negative eating energy efficiency by		Р
(b)	The seasonal space heating energy calculated as:	efficiency in active mode is		Р
	For all local space heaters except ele and commercial local space heaters:		Р	
	$\eta_{S,on} = \eta_{th,nom}$			
	For electric local space heaters: $\eta_{S,on} = \frac{1}{CC} \cdot \eta_{th,on}$			P
	For commercial local space heaters: $\eta_{S,on} = \eta_{S,th} \cdot \eta_{S,RF}$		N/A	
	For tube local space heaters: $\eta_{S,th} = (0.15 \cdot \eta_{th,nom} + 0.85 \cdot \eta_{th,min})$	) - F <sub>env</sub>		N/A
	Table 4 Envelope loss factor of the heathermal transmittance of envelope (U)	eat generator		- N/A
	$U \le 0.5$ $0.5 < U \le 1.0$ $1.0 < U \le 1.4$	2,2 % 2,4 % 3,2 %		
	$1,4 < U \le 2,0$ U > 2,0	3,6 % 6,0 %		
	The emission efficiency of commercial calculated as follows: $\eta_{S,RF} = \frac{(0.94 \cdot RF_s) + 0.19}{(0.46 \cdot RF_s) + 0.45}$	al local space heaters is	Domestic use only	N/A
	(0,40 · M <sub>3</sub> ) + 0,49 Where:			N/A
	—RFS is the radiant factor of the comheater, expressed in %.	nmercial local space		N/A
	For all commercial local space heaters	except tube systems:		N/A
	$RF_S = 0.15 \cdot RF_{nom} + 0.85 \cdot RF_{min}$			N/A
	Where:  — RFnom, is the radiant factor at non expressed in %;  — RFmin, is the radiant factor at mini expressed in %.	·		N/A
	For tubo cyctome:		Not tube type	N/A
	$RF_S = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (0.15 \cdot RF_{nom,i} + 0.85 \cdot RF_m)$	$\frac{P_{heater,i}}{P_{system}}$		N/A
	Where:  — RFnom,i, is the radiant factor per to heat output, expressed in %;  — RFmin,i, is the radiant factor per to heat output, expressed in %;  — Pheater,i, is the heat output per tolk, based on GCV;  — Psystem, is the heat output of the expressed in kW, based on GCV.	ube segment at minimum be segment, expressed in		N/A

		(EU)	2015/1188		
Clause	Requirement - Test			Result - Remark	Verdict
	The above equation only appurer, tubes and reflectors the tube system is identical tand the settings that determ segment are identical to those heater.	gment as applied in e local space heater nance of a the tube		N/A	
(c)	The correction factor F(1) act to the seasonal space heatir contributions of controls for l is distributed through natura electric storage local space for commercial local space h		Р		
	the product of regulating its  For electric storage local spa	ace heaters th			N/A
	In case the product is equippexclusive) options shown in shall be increased with the control of		N/A		
	Table 5 Correction factor <i>F</i> (1) for elec		N/A		
	If the product is equipped wi option may apply):  Manual heat charge control,		N/A		
	integrated thermostat  Manual heat charge control and/or outdoor temperature		2,0 %		
	Electronic heat charge contr and/or outdoor temperature controlled by energy supplie	feedback or	3,5 %		
	In case the heat output of the heater is assisted by a fan, a to $F(1)$ .		N/A		
	For commercial local space factor is calculated as follows:		N/A		
	Table 6 Correction factor F(1) for con			N/A	
	If the heat output control type of the products is:	F(1) is calcu	lated as:		N/A
	Single stage Two stage	$F(1) = 5 \%$ $F(1) = 5 \% - \left(2.5 \%\right)$	$-\frac{P_{\text{nom}} - P_{\text{min}}}{30 \% \cdot P_{\text{nom}}}$		N/A N/A
	Modulating	$F(1) = 5\% - \left(5.0\% \cdot \frac{F}{4}\right)$	$\frac{P_{\text{nom}} - P_{\text{min}}}{O \% \cdot P_{\text{nom}}}$		N/A
	The minimum value of the co commercial local space hear commercial local space hear		N/A		
	For local space heaters not commercial local space heat be 0 (zero).	being electric		F(1)=0%	Р
(d)	The correction factor <i>F</i> (2) acc to the seasonal space heatin contributions of controls for i of which are mutually exclus	ng efficiency d ndoor heating	ue to adjusted comfort, the values		Р

			(EU)	2015/118	8				
Clause	Requirement - Test					Resul	t -Remark	Verdict	
	other, is calculated as follows:  For all local space heaters the correction factor <i>F</i> (2) is equal to one of the factors according to Table 7, depending on which control characteristic applies. Only one value can be selected.								
	Table 7 Correction factor F(2)	ррпез. Ог	F(2)=	F(2)=3,0%					
	If the product is equipped with (only one option may apply):		ctric local le Fixed		aters	rfl Radia	for local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels	-	
	Single stage heat output, no room temperature control	0,0 %	0,0 %	5 0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %		_	
	Two or more manual stages, no temperature control		0,0 %	·					
	With mechanic thermostat room temperature control	6,0 %	1,0 %					_	
	With electronic room temperature control	7,0 %	3,0 %			·			
	With electronic room temperature control plus day timer	8,0 %	5,0 %	·					
	With electronic room temperature control plus week timer	9,0 %	7,0 %	3,5 %	7,0 %	4,0 %	7,0 %		
	The <i>F</i> (2) correction fact space heaters.	or does n	ot apply to	commer	cial local			N/A	
(e)	The correction factor <i>F</i> to the seasonal space contributions of control of which can be added	heating ef s for indo	ficiency d or heating	ue to adju comfort,	sted the values			Р	
	For all local space hea	ters the co es accordi	rs the correction factor F(3) is the according to Table 8, depending on				None of function in table 2		
	Table 8 Correction factor F(3)	, , ,	stic(o) applico.				F(3)= 0,0%		
	If the product is equipped with (multiple options may apply):	for electr Portabl e	ric local sp Fixed	Storag	F(3) ers Underfl oor	Radian t	for local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels	-	
	Room temperature control with presence detection	1,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %	2,0 %	1,0 %		
	Room temperature control with open window detection	1,0 %	1,0 %	0,5 %	1,0 %	1,0 %	1,0 %		
	With distance control option	0,0 %	1,0 %	0,5 %	1,0 %	1,0 %	1,0 %		
	With adaptive start control	0,0 %	1,0 %	0,5 %	1,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %		

			(EU)	2015/1188	3				
Clause	Requirement - Test					Resu	t -Remark	Verdict	
	With working time limitation	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %	1,0 %	0,0 %		
	With black bulb sensor	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %	0,0 %	1,0 %	0,0 %		
(f)	The auxiliary electricity as:	use corre	ection fact	or <i>F</i> (4) is c	alculated		•	Р	
	This correction factor to use during on-mode ar				electricity/	′		Р	
	For electric local space follows:				culated as			Р	
	The auxiliary electricity use correction factor $F(4)$ is calculated as: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{a \cdot el_{3}}{P_{}} \cdot 100[\%]$								
	Where:  — estisthe standby electric power consumption, expressed in kW; — Promis the nominal heat output of the product, expressed in kW; — α is a factor taking into account whether the product complies with Commission Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 (1):  — if the product complies with the limit values set in Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, α is by default 0 (zero), — if the product does not comply with the limit values set in No 1275/2008							P	
	Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008, $\alpha$ is by default 1,3.  For local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels the auxiliary electricity use correction is calculated as follows: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{0.2 \cdot e l_{max} + 0.8 \cdot e l_{min} + 1.3 \cdot e l_{2b}}{P_{norm}} \cdot 100 [\%]$								
	Where:  — elmax is the electric power consumption at nominal heat output, expressed in kW;  — elmin is the electric power consumption at minimum heat output, expressed in kW. In case the product does not offer a minimum heat output the value for the electric power consumption at nominal heat output shall be used;  — elsb is the electric power consumption of the product while in standby mode, expressed in kW;  — Pnom is the nominal heat output of the product, expressed in							-	
	kW.  For commercial local space heaters the auxiliary electricity use correction factor is calculated as follows: $F(4) = CC \cdot \frac{0.15 \cdot el_{max} + 0.85 \cdot el_{min} + 1.3 \cdot el_{zb}}{P_{non}} \cdot 100[\%]$								
(g)	The correction factor F a permanent pilot flam	(5) related e is calcul	to the endated as fo	ergy consu	-	F(5)=	:0%	Р	
	This correction factor to flame power requirement		account th	ne perman	ent pilot	No p	lotflame	N/A	
	For local space heaters using gaseous or liquid fuels it is calculated as:								
	$F(5) = 0.5 \cdot \frac{P_{\text{pilot}}}{P_{\text{norm}}} \cdot 100[\%]$ Where: — Ppilot is the pilot flame consumption, expressed in kW; — Pnom is the nominal heat output of the product, expressed in kW.								

	(EU) 2015/1188						
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict				
	For commercial local space heaters the correction factor is calculated as: $F(5) = 4 \cdot \frac{P_{pilot}}{P_{nom}} \cdot 100 [\%]$		N/A				
	In case the product has no permanent pilot light (flame) Ppilot is 0 (zero).		N/A				
	Where:  — Ppilot is the pilot flame consumption, expressed in kW;  — Pnom is the nominal heat output of the product, expressed in kW.		N/A				

# **Attachment No. 1: Photo documents**

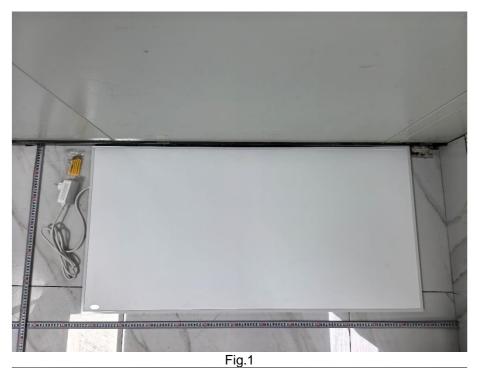




Fig.2

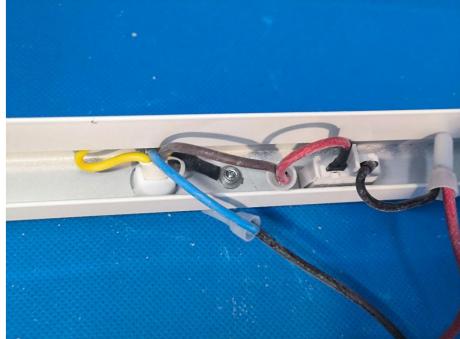


Fig.3

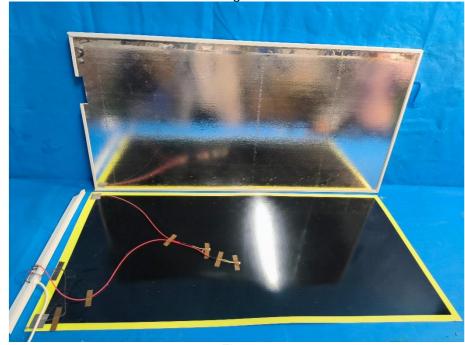


Fig.4

## \*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

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