TEST REPORT

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 814/2013

of 2 August 2013 implementing Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard

to ecodesign requirements for water heaters and hot water storage tanks COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) No 812/2013

of 18 February 2013 supplementing Directive 2010/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to the energy labelling of water heaters, hot water storage tanks and packages of water heater and solar device

Report Reference No. AOC250901003ER

Compiled by (print+ signature): Bruce Lin Bruce Lin

Approved by (print+ signature) Robin Liu

Lab Supervisor

Testing Laboratory..... Shenzhen AOCE Electronic Technology Service Co., Ltd

Park, Fuhai Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Testing location/address...... Same as above

Applicant's name...... Guangdong Well-born Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.

Address . No. 15 HuaTian Road, South First Road, Ronggui, Shunde, Foshan,

Guangdong

Guangdong

Factory name...... Guangdong Well-born Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.

Guangdong

Test Object...... Water Heater

Trade Mark...... Well-born

Model / Type reference...... NSJ10VLA9UM

Rating(s)...... 220-240V~, 50/60Hz, 1500W, IPX4

Test specification:

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 814/2013; EN 50440:2015

Test procedure: Test report

Non-standard test method: N/A

Test Report Form No...... IECEE TRF No. (EU) No 814/2013

Test Report Form(s) Originator: AOCE

Master TRF...... 2019-11-30

| Summary of Testing: | |
|---|--|
| Tests performed (name of test and test clause): | Testing location: |
| abweichung festgestellt / deviation(s) found | Shenzhen AOCE Electronic Technology Service Co., Ltd |
| keine Abweichung festgestellt / no deviation(s) found | Room 202, 2nd Floor, No.12th Building of Xinhe |
| Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 814/2013, (EU) No 812/2013, (EU) 2017/1369, No 1275/2008, EN 62301:2005 | Tongfuyu Industrial Park, Fuhai Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China |

| | • |
|--|---|
| | |
| Possible Test Case Verdicts: | |
| Test case does not apply to the test object | N/A (Not Applicable) |
| Test object does meet the requirement | P (Pass) |
| Test object does not meet the requirement: | F (Fail) |
| Testing: | |
| Ambient temperature of tested: | 20.0 ℃ |
| Test inputs: | 230V~ |
| Sample size for tested: | 1 pcs |
| Date of receipt of test item | 2025-08-12 |
| Date (s) of performance of tests | 2025-08-12 to 2025-09-01 |
| General Remarks: | |
| note: This test report is prepared for the customer sho not be duplicated or use in part without prior written co Service Co., Ltd | own above and for the device described herein. It may onsent from Shenzhen AOCE Electronic Technology |
| Copy of marking plate: | |
| | |
| Characteristic data: | |
| (not shown on the marking plate) Dimensions: Weight (kg):kg | |

| | | REGULATION (EU) No 814/2013 | | |
|--------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------|
| Clause | Requirement + Test | | Result – Remark | Verdict |

| ANNEX II | Ecodesign requi | eme | ents | ; | | | | | | | | | Р |
|----------|---|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|
| 1. | ECODESIGN RE HEATERS | QUI | IRE | MEN | NTS | FO | R W | ATE | R | | | | Р |
| 1.1 | Requirements for water heating energy efficiency | | | | | | | | | | | Р | |
| | a) From 26 September 2015 the water heating energy efficiency of water heaters shall not fall below the following values: | | | | | | | | | | N/A | | |
| | Declared load profile | 3XS | XXS | XS | S | M | L | XL | XXL | 3XL | 4XL | | |
| | Water heating energy efficiency | 22 % | 23 % | 26 % | 26 % | 30 % | 30 % | 30 % | 32 % | 32 % | 32 % | | |
| | In addition, for water heaters with smart being declared as '1': water heating energy efficiency calculated for smart = 0, tested under the declared load profile | 19 % | 20 % | 23 % | 23 % | 27 % | 27 % | 27 % | 28 % | 28 % | 28 % | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | b) From 26 Septon efficiency of water following values: | | | | | | | | | | gy | | Р |
| | Declared load profile | 3XS | XXS | XS | S | М | L | XL | XXL | 3XL | 4XL | | |
| | Water heating energy efficiency | 32 % | 32 % | 32 % | 32 % | 36 % | 37 % | 37 % | 37 % | 37 % | 38 % | | |
| | In addition, for water heaters with smart being declared as '1': water heating energy efficiency calculated for smart = 0, tested under the declared load profile | 29 % | 29 % | 29 % | 29 % | 33 % | 34 % | 35 % | 36 % | 36 % | 36 % | | |
| | c) From 26 September 2018 the water heating energy efficiency of water heaters shall not fall below the following values: | | | | | | | | | | | N/A | |
| | Declared load profile XXL 3XL 4XL Water heating energy efficiency 60 % 64 % 64 % | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.2 | Requirements fo heaters with dec From 26 Septem | lared | d loa | ad p | | | | | | | nd S | | N/A |
| | (a) for storage w 3XS the storage | | | | | | | | | | file | | N/A |
| | b) for storage wa XXS and XS, the litres | | | | | | | | | | | | N/A |
| | c) for storage wa the storage volur | | | | | | | | | rofi | le S | | N/A |

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|--------|--|-----------------|---------|
| Clause | Requirement + Test | Result – Remark | Verdict |
| 1.3 | Requirements for mixed water at 40 °C of storage water heaters with declared load profiles M, L, XL, XXL, 3XL and 4XL From 26 September 2015 the amount of mixed water at 40 °C shall not fall below the following values: Declared load profile | | N/A |
| 1.4 | Requirements for sound power level From 26 September 2015 the sound power level of heat pump water heaters shall not exceed the following values: | | N/A |
| | 60 dB 65 dB 65 dB 70 dB 70 dB 78 dB 80 dB 88 dB | | |
| 1.5 | Requirements for emissions of nitrogen oxides | N/A | |
| | a) From 26 September 2018 emissions of nitrogen oxides, expressed in nitrogen dioxide, of water heaters shall not exceed the following values: — conventional water heaters using gaseous fuels: 56 mg/kWh fuel input in terms of GCV, — conventional water heaters using liquid fuels: 120 mg/kWh fuel input in terms of GCV, — heat pump water heaters equipped with external combustion using gaseous fuels and solar water heaters using gaseous fuels: 70 mg/kWh fuel input in terms of GCV, — heat pump water heaters equipped with external combustion using liquid fuels and solar water heaters using liquid fuels: 120 mg/kWh fuel input in terms of GCV, — heat pump water heaters equipped with an internal combustion engine using gaseous fuels: 240 mg/kWh fuel input in terms of GCV, — heat pump water heaters equipped with an internal combustion engine using liquid fuels: 420 mg/kWh fuel input in terms of GCV. | | N/A |
| 1.6 | Requirements for product information related to water heaters | | N/A |
| | From 26 September 2015 the instruction manuals for installers and end-users, free access websites of manufacturers, their authorised representatives and importers and technical documentation for the purposes of conformity assessment pursuant to Article 4 shall contain the following elements: | | N/A |

| Clause | Requirement + Test | Result – Remark | Verdict |
|-----------|--|---------------------|---------|
| Clause | Nequirement + Test | INESUIL - INCITIAIN | Verdict |
| | (a) information identifying the model(s), including equivalent models, to which the information relates; | | N/A |
| | b) the results of the measurements for the technical parameters specified in point 6 of Annex III; EN 6.9.2013 Official Journal of the European Union L 239/171 | | N/A |
| | c) the results of the calculations for the technical parameters specified in point 2 of Annex IV; | | N/A |
| | d) any specific precautions that shall be taken when the water heater is assembled, installed or maintained; | | N/A |
| | e) for heat generators designed for water heaters and water heater housings to be equipped with such heat generators, their characteristics, the requirements for assembly, to ensure compliance with the ecodesign requirements for water heaters and, where appropriate, the list of combinations recommended by the manufacturer; | | N/A |
| | f) information relevant for disassembly, recycling and/or disposal at end-of-life. | | N/A |
| 2. | ECODESIGN REQUIREMENTS FOR HOT WATER STORAGE TANKS | | N/A |
| 2.1 | Requirement for standing loss | | N/A |
| | From 26 September 2017 the standing loss S of hot water storage tanks with storage volume V, expressed in litres, shall not exceed the following limit: 16,66+8,33 · V ^{0,4} Watts | | N/A |
| 2.2 | Requirements for product information related to hot water storage tanks | | N/A |
| | From 26 September 2015 the instruction manuals for installers and end-users, the free access websites of manufacturers, their authorised representatives and importers and technical documentation for the purposes of conformity assessment pursuant to Article 4 shall contain the following elements: | | N/A |
| | (a) information identifying the model(s), including equivalent models, to which the information relates | | N/A |
| | b) the results of the measurements for the technical parameters specified in point 7 of Annex III | | N/A |
| | c) any specific precautions that shall be taken when the hot water storage tank is assembled, installed or maintained | | N/A |
| | d) information relevant for disassembly, recycling and/or disposal at end-of-life. | | N/A |
| ANNEX III | Measurements | | Р |

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| | REGULATION (EU) No 814/201 | 3 | |
|--------|---|-----------------|---------|
| Clause | Requirement + Test | Result – Remark | Verdict |
| 1. | For the purposes of compliance and verification of compliance with the requirements of this Regulation, measurements shall be made using harmonised standards the reference numbers of which have been published for this purpose in the Official Journal of the European Union, or using other reliable, accurate and reproducible methods that take into account the generally recognised state-of-the-art methods. They shall meet the conditions and technical parameters set out in points 2 to 7. | | P |
| 2. | GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR TESTING WATER HEATERS | | Р |
| | a) Measurements shall be carried out using the load profiles set out in Table 1; | | Р |
| | b) measurements shall be carried out using a 24-hour measurement cycle as follows: — 00:00 to 06:59: no water draw-off, — from 07:00: water draw-offs according to the declared load profile, — from end of last water draw-off until 24:00: no water draw-off; | | P |
| | c) the declared load profile shall be the maximum load profile or the load profile one below the maximum load profile; | | Р |
| | d) any heat generator designed for a water heater, and any water heater housing to be equipped with such a heat generator, shall be tested with an appropriate water heater housing and heat generator, respectively; | | Р |
| | e) water heaters to be classified as off-peak water heaters are energised for a maximum period of 8 consecutive hours between 22:00 and 07:00 of the 24-hour tapping pattern. At the end of the 24-hour tapping pattern the water heaters are energised till the end of the step. | | N/A |

| | | | | RE | EGUL | ATION | l (EU) | No 81 | 4/201 | 3 | | | | |
|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|-----------|---------|----------|----------|---------|
| Clause | Requirer | nent - | + Test | | | | | | | Res | ult – | Rema | rk | Verdict |
| 3. | CONDIT COMPLI. Where the the value weekly esmart comeasure—days from the below the disabled,—days for days—days enabled,—the difference ontent recontent rec | ANCE ne mar e of sm lectric ntrols ment (1 to 5: declar e declar f and 1 to 5, 13 and fference d during measu | (SMA nufacture) art as ity and shall be cycle a randored load ared | RT) Courer de being le carres follom seq d profesad profe | eems it '1', mel consider ou ows: uence ile and offile, a draw-o of the scontrol or draw he use 7 and ays 8 to | TER Harmonia appropriate transfer trans | HEATE Depriate Depria | ERS to dee s of the h or wi co-week files ch ofile or ntrol art conf nce ap mart content energy | clare e thout c osen ne trol plied ontrol | | | | | N/A |
| 4. | 2 % of Q _{ref} of the declared load profile. CONDITIONS FOR TESTING SOLAR WATER HEATERS The solar collector, solar hot water storage tank, pump in the collector loop (if applicable) and heat generator shall be tested separately. Where the solar collector and solar hot water storage tank cannot be tested separately, they shall be tested in combination. The heat generator shall be tested under the conditions set out in point 2 of this Annex. The results shall be used for the calculations set out in point 3(b) of Annex IV under the conditions set out in Tables 2 and 3. For the purpose of establishing Q _{tota} the efficiency of the heat generator using the Joule effect in electric resistance heating elements is assumed to be | | | | | | | | | | N/A | | | |
| 5. | 5. CONDITIONS FOR TESTING HEAT PUMP WATER HEATERS — Heat pump water heaters shall be tested under the conditions set out in Table 4; — heat pump water heaters which use ventilation exhaust air as the heat source shall be tested under the conditions set out in Table 5. | | | | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| | | | | | A | anaga J | Table 2 | anatur- I°C1 | | 1 | | | | N/A |
| | | January | February | March | April | erage dayt | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | |
| | Average climate conditions | 2,8 | 2,6 | 7,4 | 12,2 | 16,3 | 19,8 | 21,0 | 22,0 | 17,0 | 11,9 | 5,6 | 3,2 | |

REGULATION (EU) No 814/2013 Clause Requirement + Test Result – Remark Verdict

| | rtcquircii | | | | | | | | | | 1 | , uit | IXCIIIC | | VCIGIO |
|----|--|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|---|------------------------|---------|---------------|-----------|--------|-------------------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------|
| | Table 3 | | | | | | | | | 21/2 | | | | | |
| | | | | | Avera | ige global | | diance [| W/m²] | | | | | | N/A |
| | | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | y Au | gust | September | October | November | December | |
| | Average climate conditions | 70 | 104 | 149 | 192 | 221 | 222 | 232 | 2 2 | 17 | 176 | 129 | 80 | 56 | |
| | | | | | | | Table 4 | | | | | | | | N/A |
| | | Standard | rating cond | itions for l | | water hea | | | | bulb a | air temper | ature (wet | bulb air | | IN/A |
| | Heat sou | irce | Outdo | oor air | Ir | door air | | Exhaust | t air | | Brine | | Wa | iter | |
| | Temperat | ture | + 7 °C | (+ 6 °C) | | + 20 °C num + 15 °C | C) | + 20 (+ 12 | | | 0 °C (inl - 3 °C (or | | | (inlet)/ (outlet) | |
| | | Maximur | n ventilatio | on exhaust | air availa | ble [m³/h], | Table 5 | perature | e of 20°C | and | with hun | nidity of 5 | ,5 g/m ³ | | N/A |
| | Declared load p | profile | | XXS | XS | S | 1 | М | L | | XL | XXL | 3XL | 4XL | |
| | Maximum ver | ntilation ex vailable | haust air | 109 | 128 | 128 | 1 | 59 | 190 | | 870 | 1 021 | 2 943 | 8 830 | |
| 6. | TECHNIC | CAL P | ARAM | ETER | SOF | WATE | R HE | ATE | RS | | | | | | Р |
| | The follow heaters: | ving p | arame | ters sh | nall be | estab | olished | d for | wate | r | | | | | Р |
| | a) the dail to three d | - | - | | mptio | n Q _{elec} | in kV | Vh, r | ounde | ed | | | | | Р |
| | b) the declared load profile, expressed by the appropriate letter in accordance with Table 1 of this Annex; | | | | | | | | | | | Р | | | |
| | c) the sou the neare applicable in addition fuels: | st inte e); | eger (fo | r heat | pump | wate | r heat | ters, | if | | | | | | N/A |
| | | | | | on Q _{fuel} in kWh in terms of cimal places; | | | | | | | | | | N/A |
| | e) the emissions of nitrogen oxides, expressed in nitrogen dioxide, in mg/kWh fuel input in terms of GCV, rounded to the nearest integer; in addition, for water heaters for which the value of smart is declared as being '1' f) the weekly fuel consumption with smart controls Q _{fuel} , week, smart in kWh in terms of GCV, rounded to three decimal places | | | | | | | | | N/A | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | N/A | | | | | | |
| | g) the wee Q _{elec} , wee places | | | | | | | | | ls | | | | | N/A |
| | h) the wee fuel, week decimal p | in kW | | | | | | | | Q | | | | | N/A |

| | REGULATION (EU) No 814/201 | 3 | |
|----------|---|-----------------|---------|
| Clause | Requirement + Test | Result – Remark | Verdict |
| | i) the weekly electricity consumption without smart controls Q _{elec} , week in kWh, rounded to three decimal places; in addition, for storage water heaters with declared load profiles 3XS, XXS and XS | | N/A |
| | j) the storage volume V in litres, rounded to one decimal place; in addition, for storage water heaters with declared load profiles M, L, XL, XXL, 3XL and 4XL: | | N/A |
| | k) the mixed water at 40 °C V40 in litres, rounded to the nearest integer | | N/A |
| | in addition, for solar water heaters: | | N/A |
| | (I) the collector aperture area A sol in m ² , rounded to two decimal places | | N/A |
| | m) the zero-loss efficiency η_0 , rounded to three decimal places | | N/A |
| | n) the first-order coefficient a 1 in W/(m² K), rounded to two decimal places; | | N/A |
| | o) the second-order coefficient a 2 in W/(m² K²), rounded to three decimal places; | | N/A |
| | p) the incidence angle modifier IAM, rounded to two decimal places; | | N/A |
| | q) the pump power consumption solpump in W, rounded to two decimal places; | | N/A |
| | r) the standby power consumption solstandby in W, rounded to two decimal places; in addition, for heat pump water heaters: | | N/A |
| | s) the sound power level LwA in dB, outdoors, rounded to the nearest integer. | | N/A |
| 7. | TECHNICAL PARAMETERS OF HOT WATER STORAGE TANKS | | N/A |
| | The following parameters shall be established for hot water storage tanks: | | N/A |
| | a) the storage volume V in litres, rounded to one decimal place; | | N/A |
| | b) the standing loss S in W, rounded to one decimal place. | | N/A |
| ANNEX IV | Calculations | | Р |

| | REGULATION (EU) No 814/2013 | 3 | |
|--------|---|-----------------|---------|
| Clause | Requirement + Test | Result – Remark | Verdict |
| 1. | For the purposes of compliance and verification of compliance with the requirements of this Regulation, calculations shall be made using harmonised standards the reference numbers of which have been published for this purpose in the Official Journal of the European Union, or using other appropriate calculation methods that take into account the generally recognised state-of-the-art methods. They shall meet the technical parameters and calculations set out in points 2 to 5. | | P |
| | Technical parameters used for the calculations shall be measured in accordance with Annex III. | | Р |
| 2. | TECHNICAL PARAMETERS OF WATER HEATERS | | Р |
| | The following parameters shall be calculated for water heaters under average climate conditions: | | Р |
| | a) the water heating energy efficiency η_{wh} in %, rounded to one decimal place; | | Р |
| | in addition, for solar water heaters under average climate conditions: | | N/A |
| | b) the annual non-solar heat contribution Q _{nonsol} in kWh in terms | | N/A |
| | c) the heat generator water heating energy efficiency η wh, nonsol in %, rounded to one decimal place; | | N/A |
| | d) the annual auxiliary electricity consumption Q _{aux} in kWh, rounded to one decimal place. | | N/A |
| 3. | CALCULATION OF THE WATER HEATING ENERGY EFFICIENCY η_{wh} | | Р |
| | a) Conventional water heaters and heat pump water heaters | | Р |
| | The water heating energy efficiency is calculated as follows: | | Р |
| | $\eta_{wh} = \frac{Q_{ref}}{(Q_{fuel} + CC \cdot Q_{elec})(1 - SCF \cdot smart) + Q_{cor}}$ | | Р |
| | For water-/brine-to-water heat pump water heaters, the electricity consumption of one or more ground water pumps shall be taken into account. | | N/A |
| | b) Solar water heaters | | N/A |
| | The water heating energy efficiency is calculated as follows: | | N/A |

| | REGULATION (EU) No 814/201 | 3 | | | | | | | |
|--------|---|-----------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Clause | Requirement + Test | Result – Remark | Verdict | | | | | | |
| | $\eta_{wh} = rac{0.6 \cdot 366 \cdot Q_{ref}}{Q_{tota}}$ Where: $Q_{tota} = rac{Q_{nonsol}}{1.1 \cdot \eta_{wh,nonsol} - 0.1} + Q_{aux} \cdot CC$ | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 4. | DETERMINATION OF THE SMART CONTROL FACTOR SCF AND OF SMART CONTROL COMPLIANCE smart | | N/A | | | | | | |
| | a) The smart control factor is calculated as follows: | | N/A | | | | | | |
| | $SCF = 1 - rac{Q_{	ext{fuel,week,smart}} + CC \cdot Q_{	ext{elec,week,smart}}}{Q_{	ext{fuel,week}} + CC \cdot Q_{	ext{elec,week}}}$ | | N/A | | | | | | |
| | b) If SCF ≥ 0,07, the value of smart shall be 1. In all other cases, the value of smart shall be 0. | | N/A | | | | | | |
| 5. | The ambient correction term is calculated as follows: | | Р | | | | | | |
| | a) for conventional water heaters using electricity: | | Р | | | | | | |
| | $Q_{cor} = -k \cdot (\mathit{CC} \cdot (Q_{\mathit{elec}} \cdot (1 - \mathit{SCF} \cdot \mathit{smart}) - Q_{\mathit{ref}}))$ | | | | | | | | |
| | b) for conventional water heaters using fuels: | | N/A | | | | | | |
| | $Q_{cor} = -k \cdot (Q_{fuel} \cdot (1 - SCF \cdot smart) - Q_{ref})$ | | N/A | | | | | | |
| | c) for heat pump water heaters: | | N/A | | | | | | |
| | $Q_{cor} = -k \cdot 24h \cdot P_{stby}$ | | | | | | | | |
| | Where: the k-values are given in Table 6 for each load profile. | | Р | | | | | | |
| | Table 6 k-values | | Р | | | | | | |
| | 3XS XXS XS S M L XL XXL 3XL 4XL | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Test table

| Test tuble | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------|-------|--|--|
| Table 1 | Test parameters for measurements | | Р | | |
| The measurement method used | | EN 50440:2015 | | | |
| Rated input power (W) | | 1500W | 1500W | | |
| hot water storage volume (I) | | 9,5L | 9,5L | | |
| Ambient temperature (°C): | | 20 °C | | | |
| Water supply θ _C and pressure | | 10°C /300kPa | | | |
| Test voltage in V: | | 230V | | | |
| Test frequency in Hz: | | 50Hz | | | |
| The declared load profiles of the water heater | | S | | | |
| | | | | | |

Test procedure for storage water heaters

The test procedure for storage water heaters to establish the daily electricity consumption Q_{elec} during a 24-hour measurement cycle is the following

a) Installation

The product is installed in test environment according to manufacturer's instructions. Designated floor-standing

appliances may be placed on the floor, on a stand supplied with the product, or on a platform for easy access. Wallmounted

products are mounted on a panel at least 150 mm from any structural wall with a free space of at least 250 mm above and below the product and at least 700 mm to the sides. Products designated to be built-in are mounted according to manufacturer's instructions. The product is shielded from direct solar radiation.

b) Stabilisation

The product is kept at ambient conditions until all parts of the product have reached ambient conditions ±2K, at least 24 hours for storage type products.

c) Filling and heat-up

The product is filled with cold water. Filling stops at the applicable cold water pressure.

The product is energized in "out of the box-mode" to reach its operating temperature, controlled by the product's own

means of control (thermostat). The next stage starts at thermostat cut out.

d) Stabilisation at zero-load

The product is kept at this condition, without draw-offs during at least 12 hours.

Subject to a control cycle this stage ends — and next stage starts — at the first thermostat cut-out after 12 hours.

During this stage,

e) Water draw-offs

For the declared load profile, draw-offs are made in accordance with the specifications of the appropriate

tapping pattern. This stage starts directly after thermostat cut out from stabilisation part with the first tapping at

the time-value according to the appropriate tapping load profile (see Regulation (EU) No 814/2013, Annex III

point 2 and Delegated Regulation (EU) No 812/2013, Annex VII point (2). From end of last water draw-off until

24:00, no water is tapped. During the water draw-offs relevant technical parameters (power, temperature, etc.) are established. For dynamic parameters the overall sample rate is 60 s or less. During draw-offs the recommended sample rate is 5 s or less. The electricity consumption over the 24-hour measurement cycle, Qtestelec is corrected as specified in point (h).

f) Re-stabilisation at zero-load

The product is kept at nominal operating conditions without draw-offs during at least 12 hours.

Subject to a control cycle this stage ends at the first thermostat cut-out after 12 hours.

During this stage the total fuel consumption in kWh in terms of GCV, the total electricity consumption in kWh final energy and the exact time elapsed in hours are recorded.

g) Mixed water at 40 °C (V₄₀)

Mixed water at 40 °C (V_{40}) is the quantity of water at 40 °C, which has the same heat content (enthalpy) as the hot water which is delivered above 40 °C at the output of the water heater, expressed in litres. Immediately following measurement according to point (f) a quantity of water is withdrawn through the outlet

by supplying cold water. The flow of water from open outlet water heaters is controlled by the inlet valve. The

flow in any other type of water heaters is controlled by means of a valve fitted in the outlet or the inlet. The measurement is ended when the outlet temperature drops below 40 °C.

The rate of flow is adjusted to the maximum value according to the declared load profile

The normalised value of the average temperature is calculated according to the following equation:

$$\theta_{p}[^{\circ}C] = \left(T_{set} - 10\right) \times \frac{\left(\theta'_{p} - \theta_{c}\right)}{\left(T_{set} - \theta_{c}\right)} + 10$$

 $T_{\rm set}$ [°C] is the water temperature, without withdrawal of water, measured with a thermocouple placed inside the upper section of the tank. For metal tanks the thermocouple may be placed on the outer surface of the tank as well. This value is the water temperature measured after the last cut-out of the thermostat during the "Re-stabilization at zero-load" step.

 $\theta_{\rm c}$ [°C] is the average temperature of inlet cold water during the test.

 θ_p [°C] is the average temperature of outlet water and its normalized value is named θ_p [°C]; it is to be calculated in according to the following formula:

NOTE Temperature readings are preferable taken continuously. Alternatively, they may be taken at equal intervals evenly spread over the discharge, for example every 5 litres (maximum). If there is a sharp drop in temperature, additional readings may be necessary in order to correctly calculate the average value θ_p .

Outlet water temperature shall always be \geq 40 °C which is to be taken into account for the calculation of θ_D .

The volume $V_{40_{\rm exp}}$ [litres] which corresponds to the quantity of water delivered at least 40 °C is to be considered.

Quantity of hot water V_{40} [litres] delivered with a temperature of at least 40 °C will be calculated by the following equation:

$$V_{40}[litres] = V_{40 \exp} \cdot \frac{\left(\theta_{p} - 10\right)}{30}$$

 Q_{lestelec} shall be corrected for any energy surplus or deficit outside the strict 24 h tapping period, i.e. a possible energy difference before and after the tapping cycle is taken into account. Furthermore, any surplus or deficit in the delivered useful energy content of the hot water is taken into account in the following equations for Q_{elec} .

$$Q_{elec} = \left(\frac{Q_{ref}}{Q_{\mu_{2O}}}\right) \times \left\{Q_{testelec} + \frac{1,163 \times C_{act} \times (T_3(t_3) - T_5(t_5))}{1000}\right\} \text{ [kWh]}$$

Where:

- Q_{H2O} in kWh is the useful energy content of the hot water drawn-off,
- —T3 and T5 are water temperatures measured at the dome of water heater, respectively at the beginning (t₃)

and at the end (t₅) of the 24 h measurement cycle

—Cact in litres is the actual capacity of water heater. Cact is measured as stated in following

Filling and storage volume (actual capacity Cact)

The volume of the tank is measured as follows.

The empty water heater is to be weighted; the weight of taps on inlet and/or outlet pipes shall be considered.

Then the storage water heater is filled with cold water in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction at cold water pressure. The water supply is then cut off.

The filled water heater is to be weighted.

The difference of the two weights (mact) is to be converted into the volume in litres (Cact).

$$C_{act} = \frac{m_{act}}{0.9997}$$

This volume is to be reported in litres to the nearest one-tenth litres. The measured value (Cact) shall not be

Test table

| more than 2 % lower than the rated value. | |
|---|----------|
| The sum of the useful energy content of water draw-offs (Q_{ref}), expressed in kWh, in Table 1: | 2,100kWh |
| Sum of energy contents of water draw-offs(Q _{H2O}), expressed in kWh, in Table 1: | 2,192kWh |
| The water temperatures T ₃ , in °C: | 63,7 °C |
| The water temperatures T ₅ , in °C: | 61,9 °C |
| The measured value (C _{act}) in litres: | 9,6L |
| The electricity consumption over the 24-hour measurement cycle, Q _{testelec} in kWh: | N/A |
| The consumption of electricity over 24 consecutives hours under the declared load profile (Qelec), expressed in kWh in terms of final energy: | 2,351kWh |
| Sequence of SMART tapping cycles used during the test | N/A |
| Useful energy content of the hot water drawn-off during reference period $Q_{H20}^{reference}$ expressed in kWh: | N/A |
| Useful energy content of the hot water drawn-off during smart period Q_{H2O}^{smart} expressed in kWh: | N/A |
| The weekly electricity consumption with smart controls Qelec, week, smart in kWh: | N/A |
| the weekly electricity consumption without smart controls Qelec, week in kWh: | N/A |
| The smart control factor SCF in %: | N/A |
| The water temperature Tset in °C: | N/A |
| The average temperature of inlet cold water during the test θ c in °C: | N/A |
| The average temperature of outlet water θ p in °C: | N/A |
| Mixed water at 40 °C (V ₄₀) in litres: | N/A |

Test table

| Information of efficiency class according to (EU) No 812/2013 | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------|--|--|--|
| Item | Measured value | Verdict | | | |
| Declared load profile | S | Pass | | | |
| Water heating energy efficiency class, categorised by declared load profiles η wh in % | 36,6% | В | | | |
| Smart value | 0 | N/A | | | |
| Annual electricity consumption in kWh | 503,6kWh | N/A | | | |

Water heating energy efficiency classes of water heaters, categorised by declared load profiles, η_{wh} in %

| | 3XS | XXS | XS | S | М | L | XL | XXL |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A*** | η _{wh} ≥ 62 | η _{wh} ≥ 62 | η _{wh} ≥ 69 | η _{wh} ≥ 90 | η _{wh} ≥ 163 | η _{wh} ≥ 188 | η _{wh} ≥ 200 | η _{wh} ≥ 213 |
| A ⁺⁺ | 53 ≤ η _{wh} < 62 | 53 ≤ η _{wh} < 62 | 61 ≤ η _{wh} < 69 | 72 ≤ η _{wh} < 90 | 130 ≤ η _{wh} < 163 | 150 ≤ η _{wh} < 188 | $160 \le \eta_{wh} < 200$ | $170 \le \eta_{wh} < 213$ |
| A ⁺ | 44 ≤ η _{wh} < 53 | 44 ≤ η _{wh} < 53 | 53 ≤ η _{wh} < 61 | 55 ≤ η _{wh} < 72 | $100 \le \eta_{wh} < 130$ | 115 ≤ η _{wh} < 150 | 123 ≤ η _{wh} < 160 | $131 \le \eta_{wh} < 170$ |
| A | $35 \le \eta_{wh} < 44$ | 35 ≤ η _{wh} < 44 | 38 ≤ η _{wh} < 53 | 38 ≤ η _{wh} < 55 | $65 \le \eta_{wh} < 100$ | 75 ≤ η _{wh} < 115 | $80 \le \eta_{wh} < 123$ | 85 ≤ η _{wh} < 131 |
| В | $32 \le \eta_{wh} < 35$ | 32 ≤ η _{wh} < 35 | 35 ≤ η _{wh} < 38 | 35 ≤ η _{wh} < 38 | 39 ≤ η _{wh} < 65 | 50 ≤ η _{wh} < 75 | 55 ≤ η _{wh} < 80 | 60 ≤ η _{wh} < 85 |
| С | $29 \le \eta_{wh} < 32$ | $29 \le \eta_{wh} < 32$ | $32 \le \eta_{wh} < 35$ | $32 \le \eta_{wh} < 35$ | 36 ≤ η _{wh} < 39 | $37 \le \eta_{wh} < 50$ | 38 ≤ η _{wh} < 55 | $40 \le \eta_{wh} < 60$ |
| D | 26 ≤ η _{wh} < 29 | 26 ≤ η _{wh} < 29 | 29 ≤ η _{wh} < 32 | 29 ≤ η _{wh} < 32 | 33 ≤ η _{wh} < 36 | 34 ≤ η _{wh} < 37 | 35 ≤ η _{wh} < 38 | 36 ≤ η _{wh} < 40 |
| E | 22 ≤ η _{wh} < 26 | 23 ≤ η _{wh} < 26 | 26 ≤ η _{wh} < 29 | 26 ≤ η _{wh} < 29 | 30 ≤ η _{wh} < 33 | 30 ≤ η _{wh} < 34 | 30 ≤ η _{wh} < 35 | 32 ≤ η _{wh} < 36 |
| F | 19 ≤ η _{wh} < 22 | $20 \le \eta_{wh} < 23$ | 23 ≤ η _{wh} < 26 | 23 ≤ η _{wh} < 26 | 27 ≤ η _{wh} < 30 | $27 \le \eta_{wh} < 30$ | 27 ≤ η _{wh} < 30 | 28 ≤ η _{wh} < 32 |
| G | $\eta_{wh} < 19$ | η _{wh} < 20 | $\eta_{wh} < 23$ | η _{wh} < 23 | η _{wh} < 27 | η _{wh} < 27 | η _{wh} < 27 | η _{wh} < 28 |

| Ecodesign requirements according to (EU) No 814/2013 P | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---|--------------------------------|----|--------|--|
| Model name | NSJ10VLA9UM | | | | | |
| Declared load profile | S | | | | | |
| Items | Measured value | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Ve | erdict | |
| Water heating energy η wh in % | 36,6% | ≥26% (From 26 September 2015) | ≥32 % (From 26 September 2017) | | Р | |
| Storage volume in litres | 9,6L | Not be more than 2 % lower than the rated value: ≥9,31L | | | Р | |
| Mixed water at 40 °C in litres | N/A | N/A | N/A | 1 | N/A | |

Product Photo



Fig. 1 – Overview



Fig. 2 – Overview



Fig. 3- Overview

*** End of Report ***

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